

## Math 312 - I - Practice Quiz # 1 - Solution

1. (1 point each) Please circle either T (true) or F (false) for each of the below statements.
- A) **T** F For an annual effective interest rate  $i$ , the annual discount factor  $\nu$  represents the present value of 1, one year from now.
- B) T **F** If  $i^{(12)} = 24\%$ , then the value of 100 twelve years in the future is  $100(1.02)^{24}$ .
- C) **T** F A nominal annual interest rate of 6%, convertible quarterly is the same as an effective quarterly rate of 1.5%.
- D) **T** F If  $A(t) = e^{t^2-t}$ , then the force of interest is  $\delta(t) = 2t - 1$ .
2. (8 total points) At time  $t = 0$  you and your friend both invest 1000 €. Your account earns simple interest at a rate of 10%.
- A) (4 points) If your friend's account earns a nominal annual rate of 9%, compounded monthly, find the accumulated value in *both* accounts after 18 months.

Solution: For  $t = 1.5$ , your account has value

$$A = 1000(1 + 0.1t) = 1000(1.15) = \boxed{1150 \text{ €}}.$$

On the other hand, your friend's account has value

$$A = 1000 \left(1 + \frac{0.09}{12}\right)^{18} = 1000 (1.0075)^{18} = \boxed{1143.96 \text{ €}}.$$

- B) (4 points) If your account still earns simple interest at a rate of 10%, what is the continuously compounded annual interest rate  $r$  earned by your friend's account if the two accounts have equal value after 18 months?

Solution: To have equal value we require that  $r$  solve

$$1150 = 1000e^{1.5r} \quad \Rightarrow \quad r = \frac{2}{3} \ln \left( \frac{1150}{1000} \right) \simeq \boxed{9.317\%}.$$

3. (4 points) Darren deposits 1000 into his account on 01/01/2024. Sijia deposits 500 into a different account on 01/01/2025, and another 600 into her same account on 01/01/2026. On 01/01/2028 both Darren and Sijia have the same amount in their accounts. The accounts earn the same annual effective interest  $j$ . What is  $j$ ? Assume that  $j > -1$ .
- I) 6.2%
- II) 6.4%
- III) 6.6%
- IV) 6.8%
- V) 7.0%

Solution: The value of Darren's account on 1/1/2028 is

$$A_D = 1000(1 + j)^4.$$

On the other hand, the value of Sijia's account is

$$A_S = 500(1 + j)^3 + 600(1 + j)^2.$$

Setting  $A_S = A_D$  yields

$$1000(1 + j)^4 = 500(1 + j)^3 + 600(1 + j)^2.$$

$j > -1$  implies that

$$1000(1 + j)^2 - 500(1 + j) - 600 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \quad 1 + j = \frac{500 \pm \sqrt{500^2 - 4 \cdot 1000 \cdot (-600)}}{2 \cdot 1000}$$

or

$$1 + j = 1.06394 \quad \text{or} \quad 1 + j = -0.56394.$$

Therefore, since  $j > -1$ , we have

$$\boxed{j \simeq 1.06394 - 1 = 6.394\%}.$$

Hence, the correct answer is **II**.

4. (4 points) The force of interest in an account is  $\delta_t = .002t + .05$ . If  $A(4) = 1000$ , find  $A(10)$ .

Solution: We have from  $A'/A = \delta_t$  that

$$A(10) = A(4)e^{\int_4^{10} \delta_t dt} = 1000e^{\int_4^{10} 0.002t + 0.05 dt} = 1000e^{0.001t^2 + 0.05t} \Big|_{t=4}^{t=10}$$

or

$$\begin{aligned} A(10) &= 1000e^{0.001 \cdot 100 + 0.05 \cdot 10 - (0.001 \cdot 16 + 0.05 \cdot 4)}, \\ &= 1000e^{0.1 + 0.5 - 0.016 - 0.2} = 1000e^{0.384} \simeq \boxed{1468.145}. \end{aligned}$$